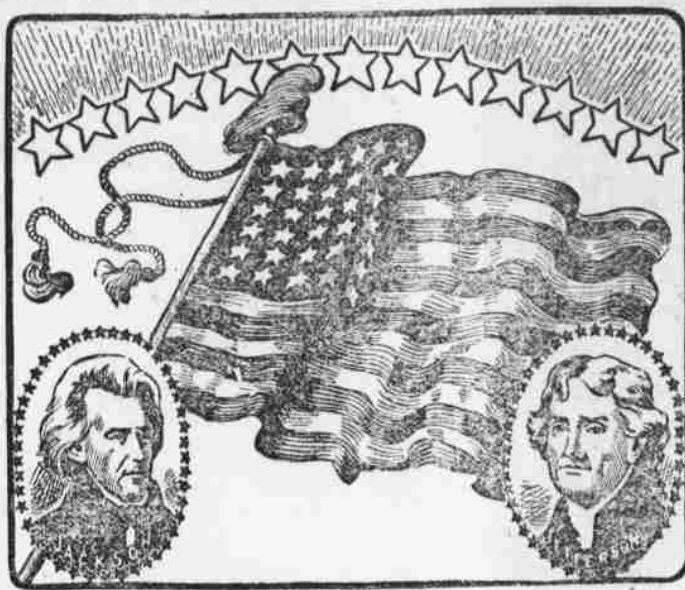


THE MARBLE HILL PRESS.

TWENTY FIRST YEAR.

The columns of THE PRESS are always
to the people of the county for the discussion
of questions of local interest.



"Stand For the Flag and What It Stands For—Freedom for All."

The weather prophet can now take a vacation till after the election.

From present indications, congress will adjourn about the middle of June.

The Sioux Falls populists convention nominated W. J. Bryan for president and Charles A. Towne for vice-president.

The Illinois republicans nominated Richard Yates for gov. Governor Tanner was for Senator Cullom's scalp but failed to get it.

The corner stone of the new Mississippi county court house, will be laid with imposing ceremonies at Charleston May 31.

CHOLERA has now broken out in India and fear is entertained that half the population of that unfortunate, famine stricken country will die before relief can reach them.

The Circuit court at Jackson last week sentenced Joe Johnson to the penitentiary for five years and Albert Holloway for three years, for burglary and larceny. Both are negroes.

It's the principle of the thing that makes Secretary Hay insist on collecting that debt from Turkey, explains one of his friends. If that debt runs many more years longer, the interest will be as much worth while as the principal.

We have received two numbers of THE MISSOURI DEMOCRAT, a new venture in St. Louis Journalism. It is ably edited by Walter Edwards and C. B. Oldham and brim full of well written, neatly printed, interesting democratic doctrine. Issued weekly at one dollar a year. We wish them the liberal support and success they evidently merit.

At a meeting of the State Central committee in St. Louis, one day last week, it was decided that no change of place or date for holding the convention for nominating candidates for state officers would be made. They also ordered the election of a new committee in the 13th congressional district and set the time for them to meet, organize and determine the manner and fix the date for nominating a candidate for congress. It is to be hoped that this action will harmonize matters up there.

The great strike on the street car lines in St. Louis, the past week, has attracted wide attention and is certainly one of the greatest troubles of the kind the city has ever known. Business has to a great extent been paralyzed, life and property imperiled and that the loss of life has not been greater can only be attributed to the fact that the citizens of St. Louis have upheld the law, suffering their inconveniences and business stagnation with cool heads, and a determination to deal justly and reasonably with all concerned. As we go to press we learn from yesterday's papers that the differences have been settled on the suburban lines and the worst is supposed to be over.

Cape Democrat: No one goes ahead of the Democrat in respect and admiration for Admiral Dewey, and it would not detract one iota from the need of honor and praise which is justly his due. But it occurs to us that the money which will be spent during the next few days entertaining him and his wife, would be much better expended if it were given to the mothers and wives and daughters whose protectors laid down their lives for their country in the Philippines and in Cuba.

THE above may not read well to those who enjoy the luxuries of wealth, but there is whole chunks of truth and common sense in it, and if Admiral Dewey is the hero we all believe he is, it would be perfectly satisfactory to him.

THE commissioners from the Boer republics, who are now on their way to the United States to use their persuasive powers on our government to intervene in their behalf, as a matter of course are doomed to disappointment. While it is true that our country should be the first under the shining sun to offer assistance to a people struggling to maintain their freedom, the fact remains that as often as a resolution of sympathy has been offered for these people, who are making a desperate struggle for their homes and to maintain their free institutions, just as often has congress been denied the privilege of even voting on it. It is well understood that if the administration had any sympathy for

the Boers, some action would have been taken some time ago. But, the British have about as good right and are fully as justifiable in doing a little swiping, as is your Uncle Samuel and herein lies the difficulty.

A Protected Trust.
The print-paper trust is one whose power for evil is clearly traceable to the operation of a protective tariff. The raising of prices of white paper has called forth protest from large numbers of newspaper publishers, some of whom represent journals that are in favor of the high protective policy, except where it operates to foster trusts.

Appeal has been made to congress for relief through the removal of the duties on all materials entering into the manufacture of print paper and May 30 has been set aside by the house ways and means committee as the date for hearings on the subject. The date is rather late if results are to be attained at this session, but perhaps the evident relation of the tariff to the trust in this instance may lead congress to take speedy action when the situation is plainly laid before the members of that body.—Chicago Record.

They Have No Sympathy for the Boers.

Edward Lauterbach, a leading republican politician in New York, says the Kansas City Times, seems to have created a sensation a day or two ago by giving his party a warning on the Boer question which has frequently been printed in the columns of the Times. After saying something on the merits of the question he concludes: "I believe the republican party is irretrievably lost if it leaves to the democratic party the first opportunity to insert in its national platform a plank that will declare for the South African republics. I am unalterably opposed to leaving such action to the democrats." No one who knows the Irish, the Germans, the Dutch or their kindred races can doubt that they and their descendants in this country will resent the neglect of the plain duty of the republican party upon this point, but if Mr. Hanna and the president continue to prevent congress from expressing sympathy for the Boers what reason is there to expect that they will permit such a declaration in the platform.

Mr. Sulzer Objects.
Congressman Sulzer of New York takes issue with the statement made by Webster Davis to a New York audience on the 7th of May, to the effect that President McKinley is a patriot and a grand American, and is opposed to the robbery and murder by Great Britain in South Africa.

Standing in his place on the floor of the house Mr. Sulzer raised his voice in protest, and issued a challenge. Said he, alluding to the statement. The administration is not a patriotic one, and is doing all it can to suppress the honest expression of opinion in this representative body regarding the war in South Africa.

"It is doing all it can against the South African republic. It is doing all it can in favor of Great Britain." "This morning, when the speaker would not permit the consideration of the resolution I offered, what a spectacle he presented! I felt sorry for him."

"No doubt he was simply obeying his orders from the White House of from Mark Hanna, but it is a spectacle that should make every friend of representative government blush with shame."

Gen. Otis's Return
Gen. Otis sailed from Manila Saturday, somewhat bound. In an order announcing the fact the War Department says that the retiring General is "entitled to gratitude and honor from his country."

The act of Gen. Otis for which he deserves most honor was his attitude

to edit the war-provoking imperialism out of President McKinley's first proclamation. This document claimed "sovereignty" for the United States over the entire archipelago, and called upon the inhabitants to make immediate and unquestioning submission to our authority, under penalty of subjugation or death. This was in December, 1898, some time before the ratification of the treaty with Spain.

Gen. Otis saw that this unwarranted demand would cause resistance, and he took the liberty of editing the proclamation to render it less like a firebrand. Unfortunately one of his subordinates in another island sent out the original document, and the war became inevitable.

Since then Gen. Otis has done his best to carry on Mr. McKinley's war to a termination. He has sent a bulletin every two weeks for a year announcing that the "trouble is over," and so expressed himself in an interview which had the misfortune to be published here on the very day last week that the cable told of a fight in which twenty Americans were killed—the third fight in a week. And in his very last dispatch he gives "the enemy's losses officially reported for April 1, 1900, killed, wounded and missing." Not a town in the entire group can be held without a garrison. Yet Mr. McKinley complacently thanks Gen. Otis for his "successful services."—New York World.

It Will Be Reaffirmed.
If there exists any lingering doubt, says the Kansas City Times, in the minds of those democrats who refused to act with their party four years ago on account of its own policy, concerning the reaffirmation of the Chicago platform at Kansas City, it ought to be dispelled by the specific declaration made on this point by Mr. Bryan last Monday at Port Huron, Mich.

Mr. Bryan is the undisputed leader of his party. He will be chosen by acclamation on the next anniversary of the Declaration of Independence to lead again the hosts of the democracy in the battle for human rights and the restoration of the republic to the moorings from which the republicans have torn it. What, therefore, he declares concerning the vital issues of the campaign can be received as carrying with it both authority and the certainty of fruition.

The silver plank that was in the Chicago platform, and which six and one-half millions of American citizens approved with their ballots, will be in the next democratic platform. The fact that republican legislation has made silver the standard of our monetary system, by enacting the single gold standard law, and has placed the nation's finances in the hands of a money trust composed of the national banks does not prove that bimetalism is dead. It was right in '96, and in all the previous years of our history it is right now. Temporary reverse can never kill a principle founded in right and justice.

If our succeeding brothers believe the silver question is dead, where, then, is their justification in holding off from a party through whose agency the country can alone hope for the repression of monopolies, the extinction of class legislation, the eradication of trust-building protection, the restoration of the century-old safeguards to popular liberty, the stern observance of the constitution, the restoration of the Monroe doctrine to its pristine force and vigor, the repudiation of militarism and the destruction of imperialism.

Not only should all honest thinking democrats who stood aloof from their party four years ago view the situation from this standpoint, but many thousands of patriotic republicans ought to look at it in the same way. So viewing it, they will conscientiously and unhesitatingly endorse the Kansas City platform and support the candidates who will be placed upon it by the largest and most enthusiastic convention ever held in the United States.

For Direct Election of Senators.
The house of representatives by a large majority has adopted the resolution for a constitutional amendment requiring the election of senators by direct vote of the people. It is not to be expected that the senate itself will take kindly to the proposition, but the friends of popular government in that body should attempt to force a vote on the resolution at this session if possible. It would be well to see just where the individual senators stand on the question, so that pressure may be brought to bear upon the unprogressive ones or new men may be selected in their places if they prove altogether unresponsive to popular sentiment.

If the demand for the election of senators by direct popular vote is pressed with sufficient vigor it must be acceded to in time. The character of the senate would be improved by the change and the state legislatures would better serve their purpose as lawmaking bodies if relieved of the duty of electing senators.—Chicago Record.

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Our Correspondents.

REDGEMVILLE.
The farmers in this vicinity are complaining considerably of the fly in their wheat.

James Seabaugh, of Zalma, spent Saturday night and Sunday among his friends and relatives at this place.

Well the candidates are beginning to put in their appearance in this township. James Limbaugh and Pinkney Estes were in our town a few days ago on business.

W. S. Smith has been on the sick list for the past few days.

James C. Smith Jr., who has been in Marble Hill under medical treatment, two weeks returned home last Saturday much improved.

R. ELK.

SCOPUS.
Corn planting is the order of the day.

Wheat looks fine.

"Uncle" Asa Estes and wife are on the sick list.

Mrs. Charley Langster is on the sick list.

While on the road to Marble Hill James Bridges' team ran away.

Mrs. Bridges was thrown out of the wagon and one of her lower limbs broken in two places but Mr. Bridges escaped without injury.

Born—To Jasper Wright and wife, a fine 11-pound girl.

At B. C. C. contemplates painting his store house in the near future.

The directors of the Union Ridge and Cedar Branch schools have had the school houses in their districts painted, which improves the looks of the buildings very much. A. J. and H. J. Lincoln did the work.

Mrs. Dr. Harris Chandler, of Woodward, Oklahoma, is visiting relatives here.

Henry Tallent is teaching a summer school at Mount Zion church.

Prayer meeting every Thursday night at Mount Zion.

B. BILL.

GRAYEL HILL.
Our good farmers are all plowing corn.

Miss Ada Lewis of Whitewater, is visiting home folks.

J. A. Nance is on the sick list. His wife is slowly recovering from a siege of sickness.

The grand hop given by Elmer Robertson last Thursday night, was well attended and about 12 o'clock supper was served. The table fairly groaned under the weight of the good things.

D. F. Crader and W. J. Slinkard made a business trip over to Burdettville Thursday.

Jesse Crafton and Wiley Young were up from Whitewater, Sunday.

J. F. Crader went to Marble Hill Saturday.

Sylvester Slinkard has the measles.

Miss Mary Allen is very sick at this writing.

Elmer Robinson and wife visited relatives on Dongola Sunday.

J. F. Crader is contemplating going to Texas soon.

Arthur Hartle was on our streets Sunday.

Success to the old reliable county sheet.

PETER SHUK.

The Kennett Budget says: Dunklin county holds the record for issuing marriage licenses. Up to four o'clock yesterday circuit clerk Laden had issued licenses to 126 couples since January 1st, making an average of three and three-quarters for each day including Sunday.

Where is another county in the state that can come up with this?

Two Epoch-Making Facts.
There are two facts, says the New York World, which will make the year 1900 an epoch-maker in human events.

1. It will be the first time in the history of mankind that sixteen millions of free-men have voted in the choice of their national Civil Magistrate.

2. The man whom they elect will be the first American President inaugurated in the twentieth century, and from his inauguration the progress of the American people will be reckoned during that century.

There is indeed no way of indicating the growth of this nation that is more striking than to state the record of a few of its Presidential votes.

Abraham Lincoln received a popular vote of less than 2,000,000 in a total vote of 4,680,193. That was only forty years ago.

Garfield was elected in 1880 by a vote of 4,449,053 in a total of 9,209,416.

The President chosen this year will certainly poll a popular vote of 8,000,000 or thereabouts—four times as many as were cast for Lincoln and nearly twice as many as were cast for all candidates in 1860.

"When the republican policy is complete there will be no legal tender but gold and no paper money but bank notes. The republicans do not dare to take that step now. You may have heard of the doctor in Iowa who was called to treat a child. The child grew worse and worse, until finally the life was despaired of. The doctor told the mother that there was no use to punish the child with more medicine, that if the child was restless all she could do was to give it a little bit of water and wait the end."

to see the faces of the men we are to vote for later on. I am now speaking for the democratic part of our voters and will say, that democracy is in the majority here.

A candidate for representative who knows the interest of the common people and has the courage to stand for them, is the man the people want for representative this fall.

MAX ADDLER.

PEA RIDGE.
Health tolerably good.
Corn planting is a thing of the

of our farmers say their wheat has been damaged by fly.

Columbus Hutson, who has been suffering for several years with consumption, died May 12th. He leaves a wife, two children and many friends to mourn their loss.

Rev. Joseph Simpkins preached his funeral at Fair View Sunday where his remains were buried.

Mrs. Henry Redman, who has been suffering for some time from consumption is very poorly.

James P. Limbaugh, our hustling candidate, and P. D. Estes were at work on the Bollinger County fire insurance last week.

The year-old babe of Charley Self and wife was buried at Fair View May 6th. This bears heavily on the parents as it was their only child.

R. G. Hartle continues to shake hands with the people over the county.

Mr. Bollinger, candidate for sheriff was in our locality last week.

Dan Cole while cleaning his new ground of some rubbish last week, pitched a chunk out side and came very near hitting a candidate.

Jon Bor.

GRAVEL HILL.
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"The mother watched the child through the night and in the morning she thought it was better. She watched it through the day and at night it seemed stronger. She watched it through another night and in the morning she thought she saw signs of improvement; and the second morning the doctor came to inquire why he had not been notified of the child's death."

"The mother told him that the child was better. He examined the child and left the mother with the assurance that if the child continued to improve for thirty-six hours, more or less it had during the past thirty-six hours, it would then be strong enough to take some more medicine."—W. J. Dryden.

Census enumerators will be furnished with badges by the government which are to be worn in a conspicuous place and which will be their credentials for gathering statistics. These badges will be made of pure German silver 1 inches wide, by 1 1/2 inches long, shield shaped, surmounted with an eagle and bearing the words, "United States Census 1900." An order has already been placed for 60,000 by the director of the census.—EX.

THIS CUT
PATENTED.
SHOWS THE POINTS WHERE THE SILVER IS INLAIN IN THE BACK OF THE BOWL AND HANDLE BEFORE PLATING. THEY ARE DESIGNATED AS

STERLING SILVER INLAIN
AND ALWAYS BEAR THE TRADE-MARK E. STERLING INLAIN HE.

WE TAKE PLEASURE IN RECOMMENDING THE ABOVE CUTS AS THE MOST DURABLE AND HAVE ALSO AN ASSORTMENT OF SPOONS AND FORKS WITH EXTRA SILVER AT THE WEAVING POINTS KNOWN AS SECTIONAL PLATE AND FANCY PIECES, MADE BY

THE HOLMES & EDWARDS SILVER CO., BRIDGEPORT, CONN.

GEORGE C. HASSLINGER, JACKSON, MO.

Order of Publication.
STATE OF MISSOURI, County of Bollinger, ss.

In the Circuit Court, September Term, 1900. The State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of William H. Yount, collector, plaintiff

Against

Philip T. Ruggles, defendant.

At this day comes the plaintiff herein, by his attorney, W. K. Chandler, and files his petition and affidavit, alleging, among other things, that defendant, Philip T. Ruggles, is not a resident of the State of Missouri.

Whereupon it is ordered by the clerk in valuation, that said defendant be notified by publication that plaintiff has commenced a suit against him in this court; the object and general nature of the petition filed in the enforcement of the lien of the State upon the real property in the petition described, situated in said county, viz:

250 Acres, the southwest quarter and north half of the northeast quarter and southwest quarter of northeast quarter, section 29, township 33, range 9 east, 315 Acres south fractional half and southeast quarter of northeast quarter, section 30, township 33, range 9 east.

And that unless said Philip T. Ruggles be and appear at this court at the next term thereof, to be begun and holden at the courthouse in the town of Marble Hill, in said county, on the second Monday of September next, and on or before the third day of said term if the term shall so long continue, and if not, then on or before the last day of said term—answer or plead to the petition in said cause, the same will be taken as confessed and judgment will be rendered accordingly.

And it is further ordered that a copy hereof be published, according to law, in the Marble Hill Press.

SAM J. McMINN, Circuit Clerk; Witness my hand and the seal of the Circuit court of Bollinger county, this 1st day of May, 1900.

SAM J. McMINN, Circuit Clerk.

Order of Publication.
STATE OF MISSOURI, County of Bollinger, ss.

In the Circuit Court, September Term, 1900. The State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of William H. Yount, collector, plaintiff

Against

Oscar B. Wheeler, defendant.

At this day comes the plaintiff herein, by his attorney, W. K. Chandler, and files his petition and affidavit, alleging, among other things, that defendant, Oscar B. Wheeler, is not a resident of the State of Missouri.

Whereupon it is ordered by the clerk in valuation, that said defendant be notified by publication that plaintiff has commenced a suit against him in this court; the object and general nature of the petition filed in the enforcement of the lien of the State upon the real property in the petition described, situated in said county, viz:

The northeast quarter of the southeast quarter, north northeast fractional quarter and part northeast quarter of the northeast quarter section 19, township 33, range 9 east, containing 129.5 acres.

And that unless said Oscar B. Wheeler be and appear at this court at the next term thereof, to be begun and holden at the courthouse in the town of Marble Hill, in said county, on the second Monday of September next, and on or before the third day of said term if the term shall so long continue, and if not, then on or before the last day of said term—answer or plead to the petition in said cause, the same will be taken as confessed and judgment will be rendered accordingly.

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Order of Publication.
STATE OF MISSOURI, County of Bollinger, ss.

In the Circuit Court, September Term, 1900. The State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of William H. Yount, collector, plaintiff

Against

John J. Holt, defendant.

At this day comes the plaintiff herein, by his attorney, W. K. Chandler, and files his petition and affidavit, alleging, among other things, that defendant, John J. Holt, is not a resident of the State of Missouri.

Whereupon it is ordered by the clerk in valuation, that said defendant be notified by publication that plaintiff has commenced a suit against him in this court; the object and general nature of the petition filed in the enforcement of the lien of the State upon the real property in the petition described, situated in said county, viz:

The south half of the southwest quarter, section 14, township 33, range 9 east, containing 80 acres.

And that unless said John J. Holt be and appear at this court at the next term thereof, to be begun and holden at the courthouse in the town of Marble Hill, in said county, on the second Monday of September next, and on or before the third day of said term if the term shall so long continue, and if not, then on or before the last day of said term—answer or plead to the petition in said cause, the same will be taken as confessed and judgment will be rendered accordingly.

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